

## **Parliamentary Procedure**

## To Lay a Motion on the Table



In parliamentary law, a motion is often referred to as a "question" because a motion is a proposal that presents a "yes" or "no" question for the assembly to decide.

Q: What if a motion is made to "table" the motion or "lay the motion on the table"?

**A:** You have a few choices. You can interrupt to say "Point of Order" which the chair knows is a violation complaint.

The motion to *Lay on the Table* enables the assembly to lay the pending question aside <u>temporarily</u> when something else <u>of immediate</u> <u>urgency</u> has arisen or when something else needs to be addressed before consideration of the pending question is resumed...

<u>This motion is commonly misused</u> in ordinary assemblies-in place of a motion to Postpone Indefinitely (11), a motion to Postpone to a Certain Time (14), or other motions. Particularly in such misuses, it also is known as a motion "to table."

By adopting the motion to *Lay on the Table*, a majority has the power to halt consideration of a question immediately *without debate*. *Such action violates the rights of the minority and individual members if it is for any other purpose than the one stated in the first sentence of this section*. In ordinary assemblies, the motion to *Lay on the Table* is not in order if the evident intent is to kill or avoid dealing with a measure. If a time for resuming consideration is specified in making the motion, it can be admitted only as a motion to Postpone (14), in which case it is debatable.

A motion can be made to postpone to a later date and members can debate on this before a vote is taken.

Remember, a motion to Postpone Indefinitely is a motion to kill the question and is also debatable.

Roberts Rules of Order § 17 LAY ON THE TABLE

NSDAR Handbook - Miscellaneous Parliamentary Points